

Muon Acceleration with Scaling FFAG using Harmonic Number Jump

Y. Mori

Kyoto University, Research Reactor Institute

Muon Acceleration with FFAG Accelerator

Scaling FFAG

advantages

- *no resonance crossing : zero chromaticity*
- *large dynamic aperture*

problems

- *not small beam pipe (may not be an issue)*
- *variable rf frequency : broad-band (low frequency & low field)*

Non-scaling FFAG

advantages

- *rf acceleration : constant rf frequency (high frequency & high field)*
- *small beam pipe : small momentum compaction*

problems

- *resonance crossing*
- *time of flight (path length) for large beam amplitude : cascade rings*

Scaling FFAG with HNJ(harmonic number jump) Acceleration

● Scaling FFAG + HNJ acceleration

● constant rf frequency

- *high frequency(200-400MHz) & high field (20MV/m) rf cavity*

● good match with phase rotation & non-scaling FFAG

- *Low energy (5-10GeV) muon accelerator as an injector of non-scaling FFAG to avoid path length problem of non-scaling FFAG*
- *Scaling FFAG with HNJ for high energy (10-20GeV) ring*

HNJ Acceleration

● Revolution period for n-th turn

$$\left(\frac{T_n}{T_1}\right) = \left(\frac{C_n/v_n}{C_1/v_1}\right)$$

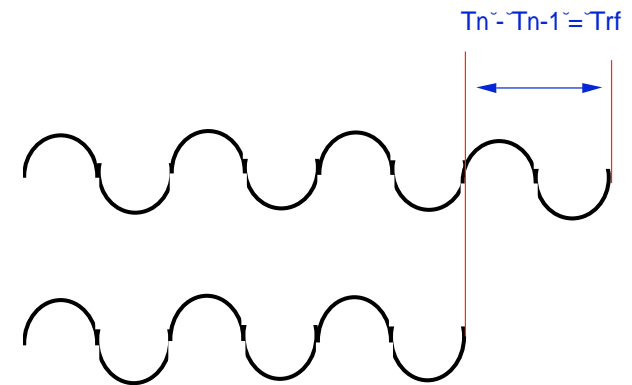
- C: circumference, v: particle velocity

● Scaling FFAG

$$\frac{C_n}{C_1} = \left(\frac{p_n}{p_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{k+1}}$$

● For muon acceleration ($v \sim c$)

- When k increases, or ring size decreases,
 - No. of turns decreases.
 - Energy gain/turn increases.
- Need optimization!



$$T_n - T_{n-1} = Trf \times m$$

$$h(E) = \frac{mE\beta^3}{\eta\Delta E}$$

$$\frac{C_n}{C_1} = \frac{h_n}{h_1}, \quad p_n = p_1 \left(\frac{h_n}{h_1}\right)^{k+1}, \quad h_n = h_1 + n \times m$$

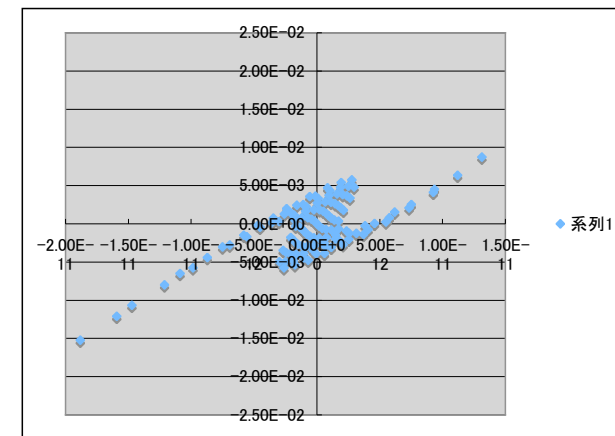
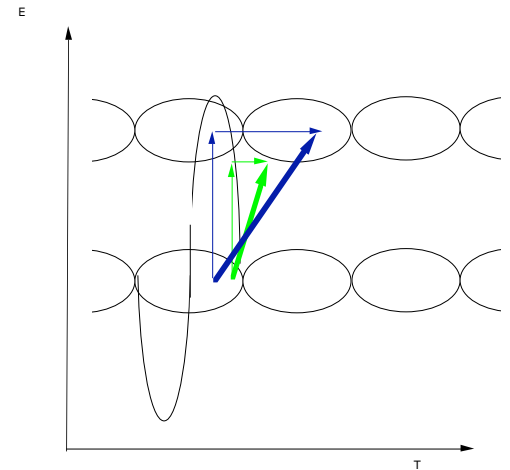
Issues of HNJ

Phase acceptance

- Smaller for HNJ cf. synchronized acceleration
- Because energy gain/turn is so large for HNJ, phase slip/turn should be 2π . If stable phase is far away from $\pi/2$, phase slip/turn should be much less than 2π .

Non-linear source: dynamic aperture problems in longitudinal direction

- Sinusoidal rf field contains non-linear components.
- Synchrotron tune is high enough to see non-linear resonances. $mQ_s = n$



Scaling FFAG

Focusing

Spiral sector

- *Focusing: body + edge*
- *Small ring size*
- *Rather large edge angle > 70 degree*

Radial sector

- *Negative bend*
- *doublet, triplet (DFD, FDF)*

Basic parameters requested

Ring

- *Energy $P=5-10\text{GeV}$*
- *$B_{\text{max}} < 2\text{T}$ (Iron magnet :NC or super ferric)*
- *Field index k : as small as possible*
- *Orbit excursion $< 1\text{m}$*
- *Beam size : full aperture@10GeV $< \sim 15\text{cm}$*

RF

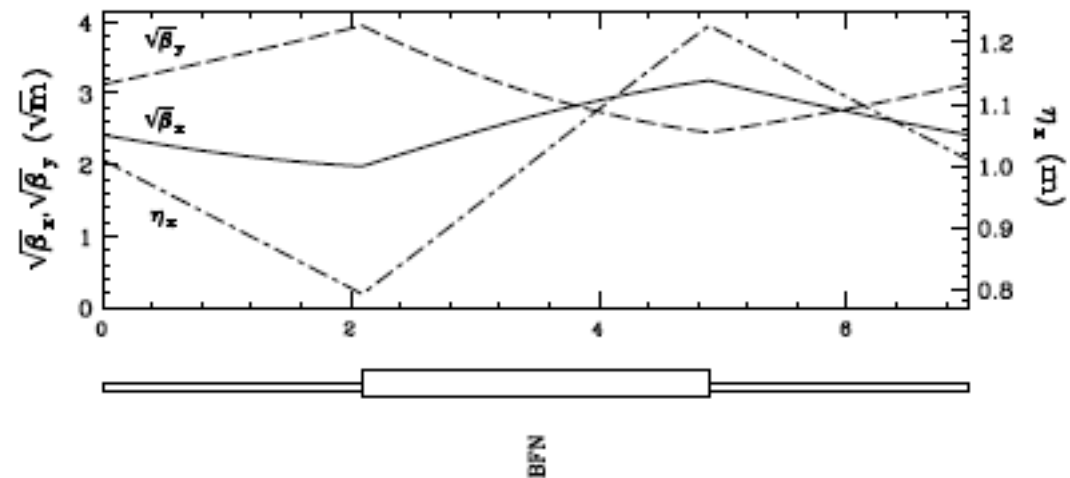
- *RF frequency : 200-400MHz*
- *RF field : $\sim 10\text{MV/m}$, Energy gain/m $> 1.5\text{MeV/m}$*

 We choose “spiral sector”.

5-10GeV scaling FFAG spiral sector - design example

Ring parameters

- $r=40\text{m}$
- $N=32\text{cells}$
- spiral angle: 74degree
- $B_{\text{max}} \sim 2.1\text{T}$ (p.f.=0.4)
- $k=38$
- Orbit excursion
 - 71.7cm
- Beam size(half, $dp/p=0.03$) at 10GeV
 - $H: 4.3\text{cm}+3.0\text{cm}=7.3\text{cm}, V=5.2\text{cm}$ @s.s.
 - $H: 5.2\text{cm}+3.6\text{cm}=9.3\text{cm}, V=6.9\text{cm}$ @magnet

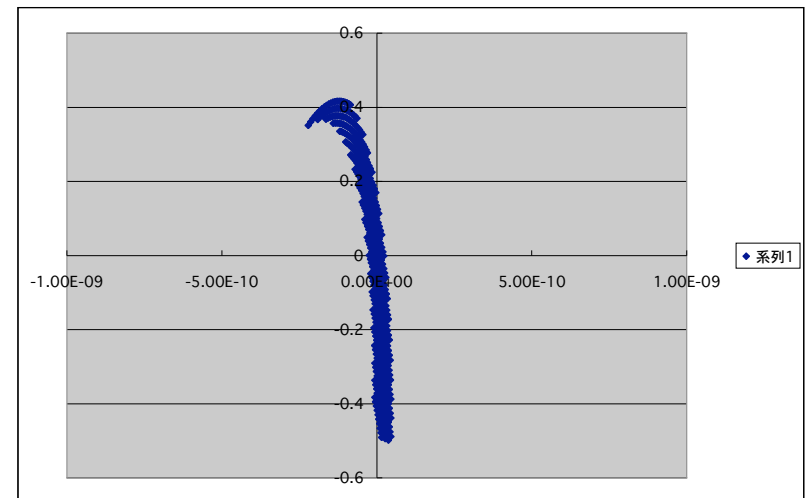
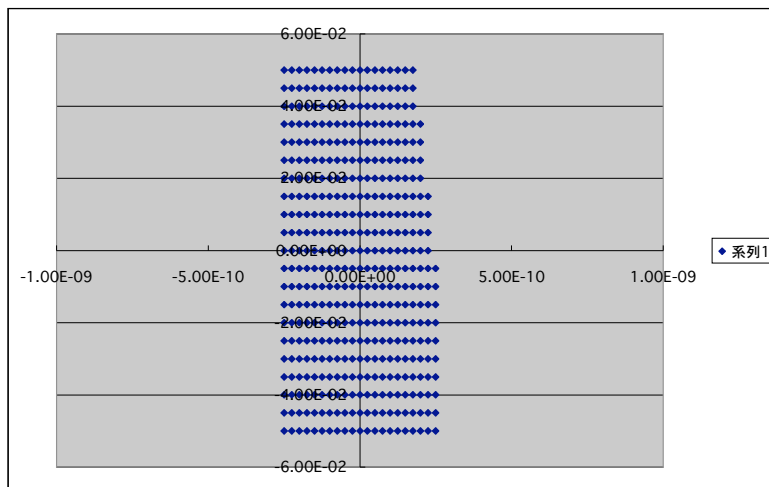
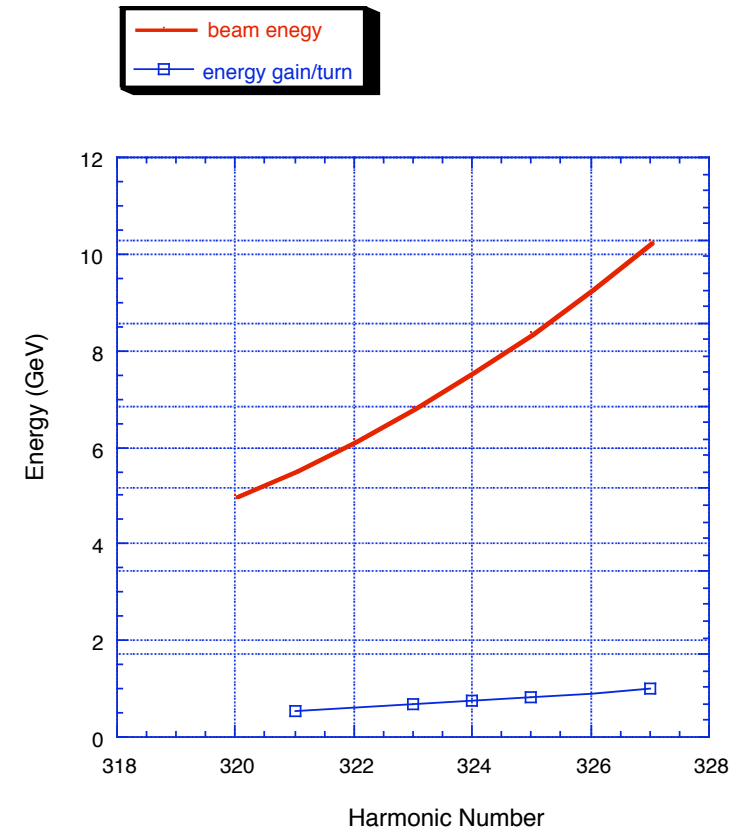


Spiral FFAG

5-10GeV

Parameters

- $r=40\text{m}$
- $k=38$
- rf parameters
 - $h=320$
 - $f=400\text{MHz}$
 - $f_{ai_s}=2\pi/3$
 - $18.8\text{MV/m:4-cell cavity}$



Spiral FFAG

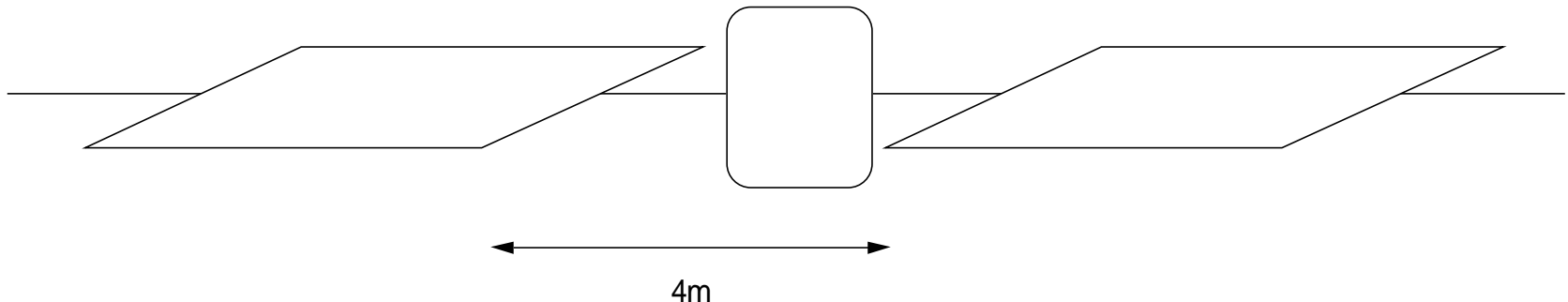
5-10GeV

Lattice

- almost satisfied but more optimization is needed.
 - *k-value:lower, Bmax:lower, packing factor, circumference etc.*

HNJ acceleration

- seems to have enough acceptance
- frequency of rf cavity
 - *400MHz → 200MHz (depends on lattice design)*
- No. of turns: should be larger >10 turns (now 7turns)
 - *reduce rf voltage 18.8MV/m → 15MV/m*
- **Increase ring radius and reduce k-value**



Summary

- Scaling FFAG with HNJ acceleration for Muon 5-10GeV (10-20GeV) looks promising but more optimization is needed.
- Flight time problem of non-scaling FFAG may be cured by scaling FFAG.
- Hardwares R&Ds are needed.
 - squashed(?) sc rf cavity
 - large spiral magnet
- **FFAG06 Nov. 6-10, 2006 at KURRI (Osaka, Japan)**