

Bunch monitor signal integration (preliminary)

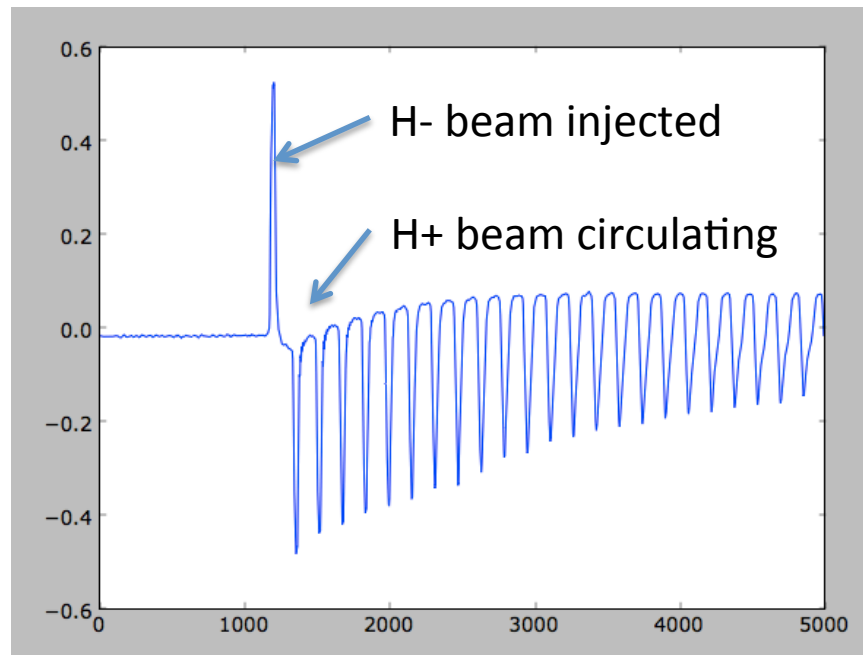
D. Kelliher

KURRI-FFAG meeting 19/12/13

Intro

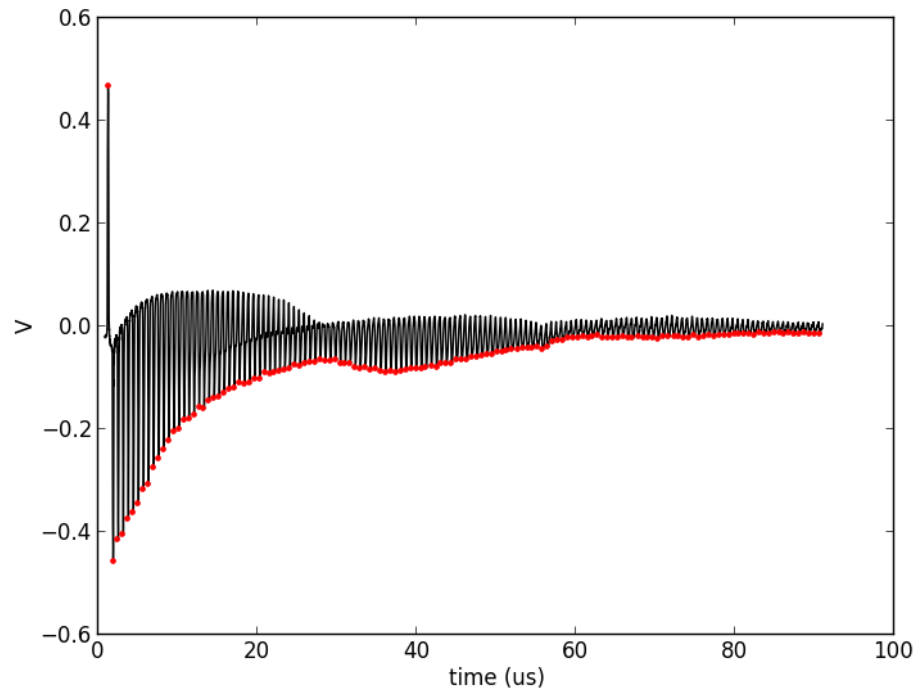
- Parallel bunch monitor (located after injection foil)
- Assume integral of each peak proportional to bunch charge.
- So far I have just looked at 2013/11/13/1/double*.csv

Figures from Suzie's presentation 13/11/13



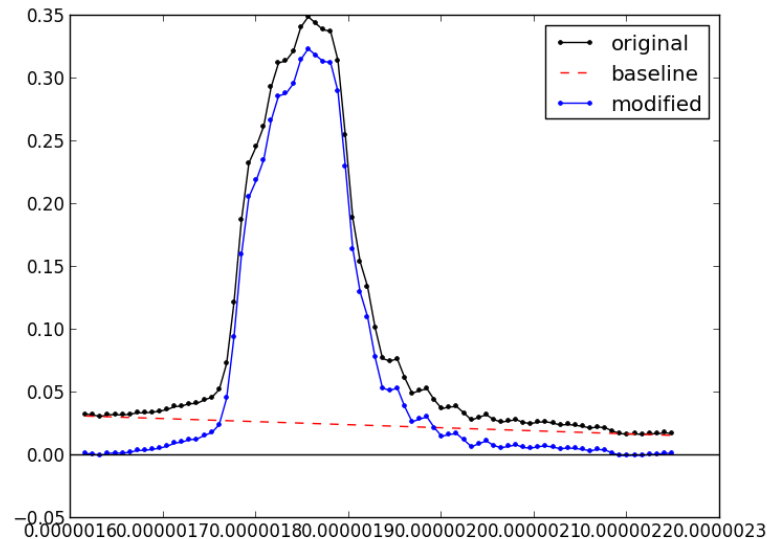
Signal preprocessing (1)

- Find set of peaks
- Example data plotted below: 2013/11/13/1/
double010.csv



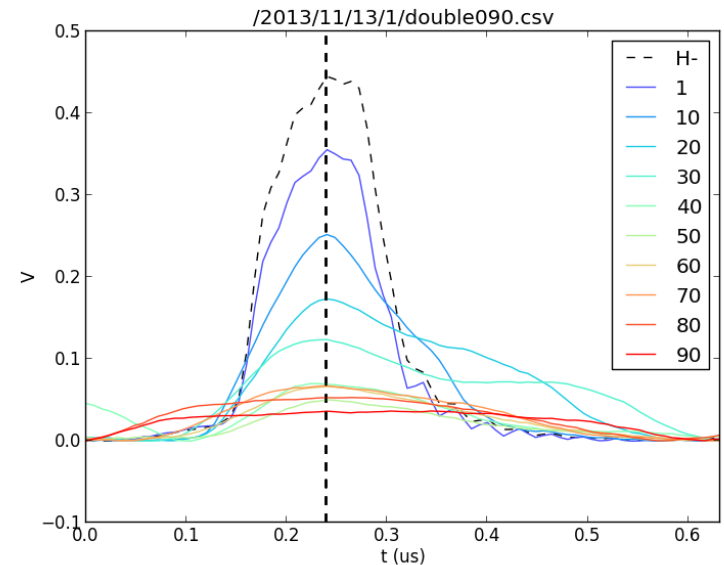
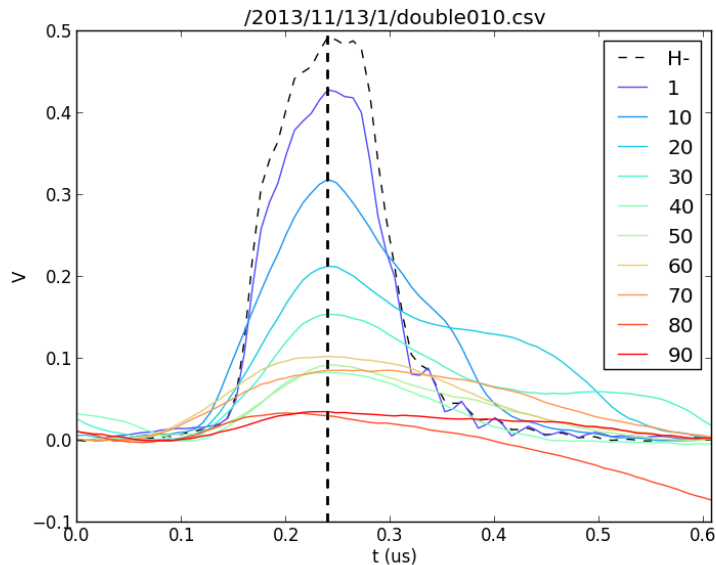
Signal preprocessing (2)

- For every peak, isolate the signal for that turn. Window used $t_{\text{peak}} - 30\text{ns} < t < t_{\text{peak}} + 50\text{ ns}$
- Remove slow variation (slope) in signal by subtracting from each point a line that passes through the minima on both sides.
- (Flip so peaks are always positive in figures)

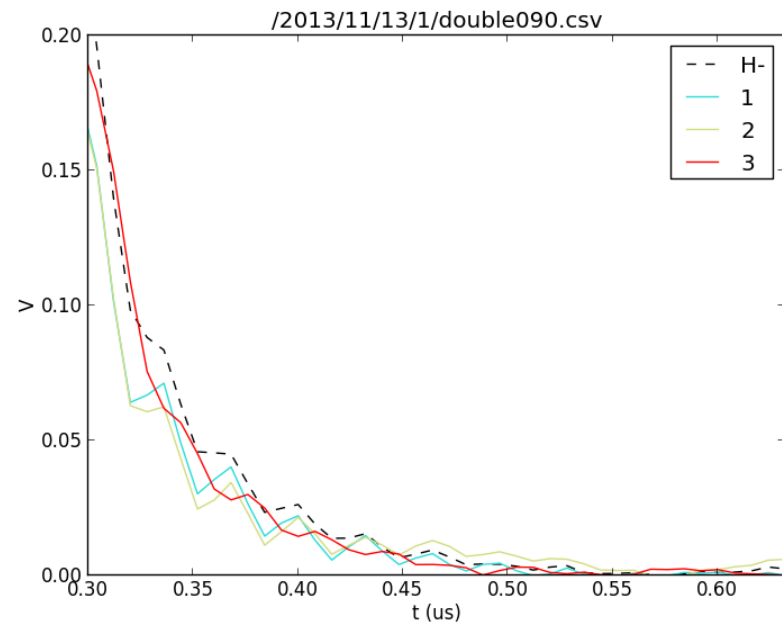
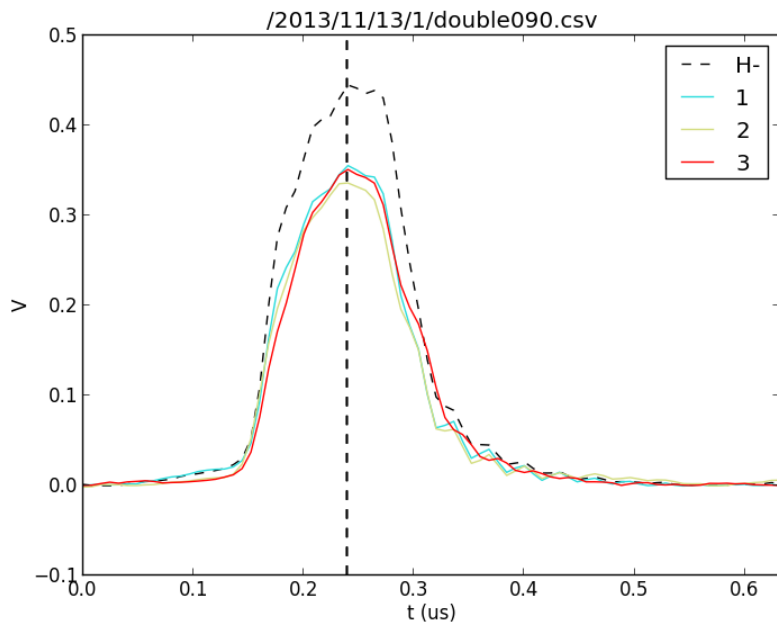


Signal evolution - overall

- H- peak similar shape to first proton bunch (bunch structure in first couple of turns)
- Asymmetric bunch broadening (shoulder in distribution by turn 20)
- Apparent partial recovery of signal between turns 40 - 60



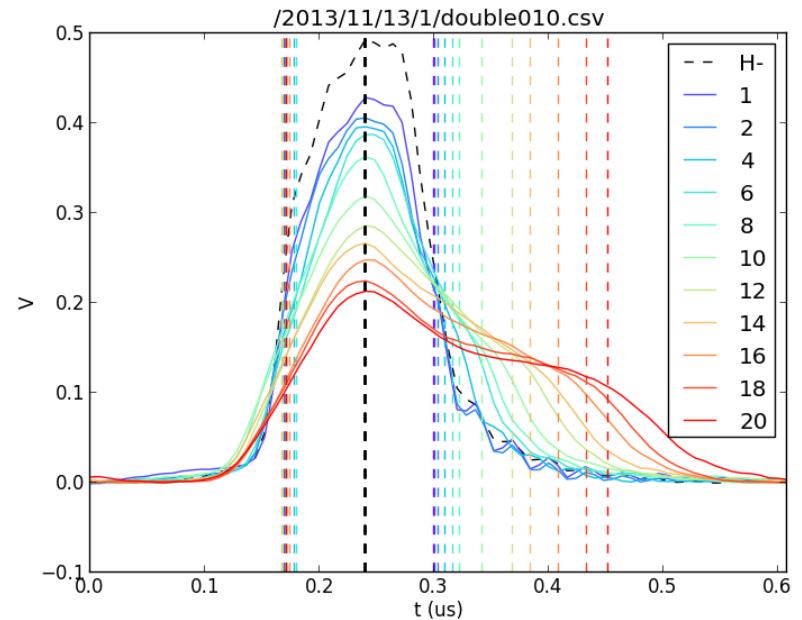
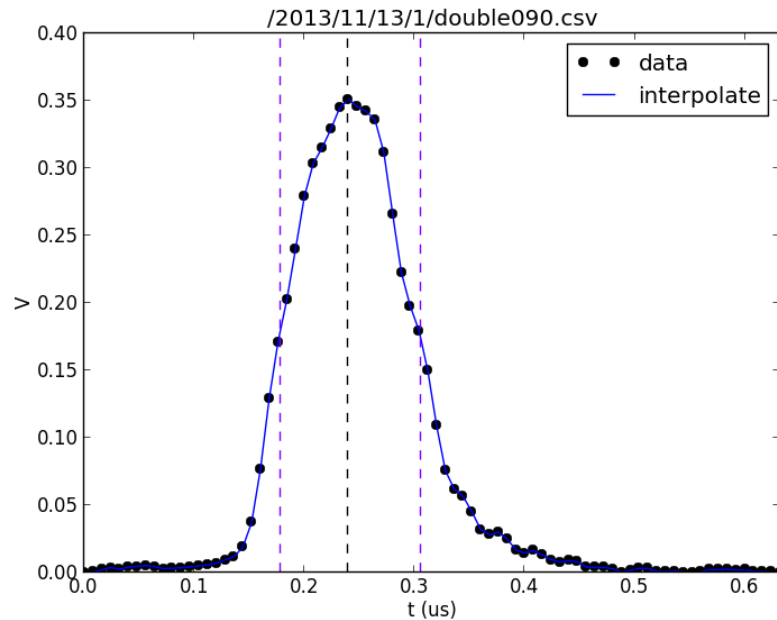
First few turns



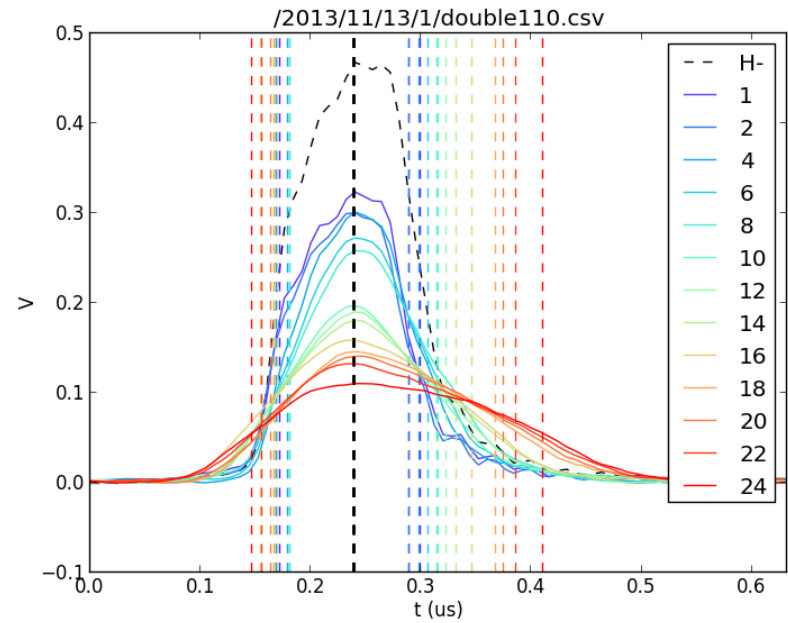
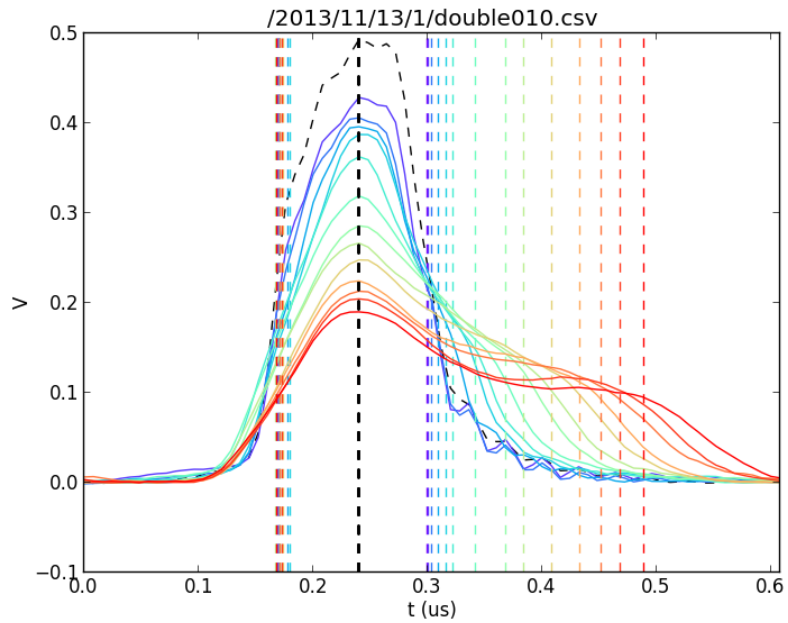
- Gap between peaks in bunch distribution is about 30 ns

Area calculation methods.

- Linear interpolate data ($f(t)$ from `scipy.interpolate.interp1d`)
 - (1) Find $f(t) = 0.5 * V_{\text{peak}}$. Calculate area using FWHM.
 - (2) Integrate $f(t)$ by quadrature (`scipy.integrate.quadrature`).

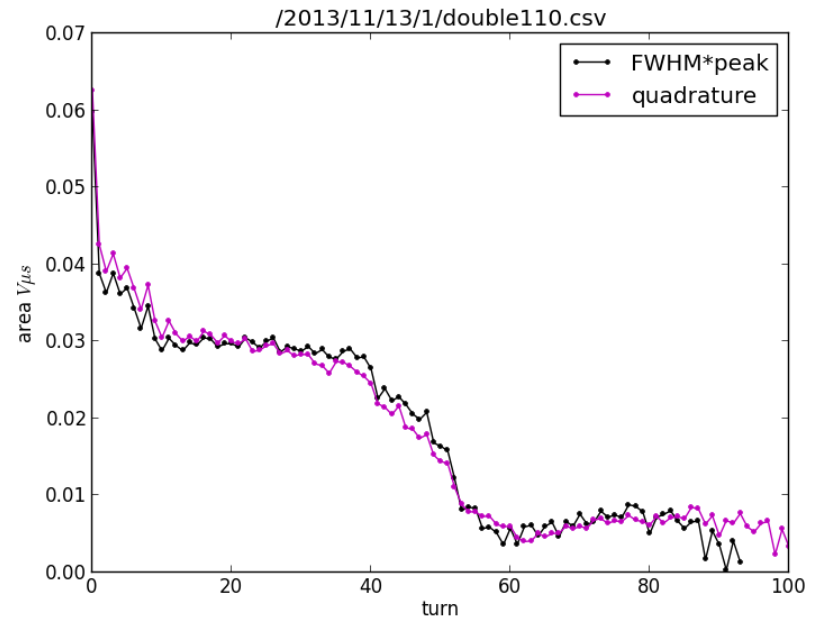
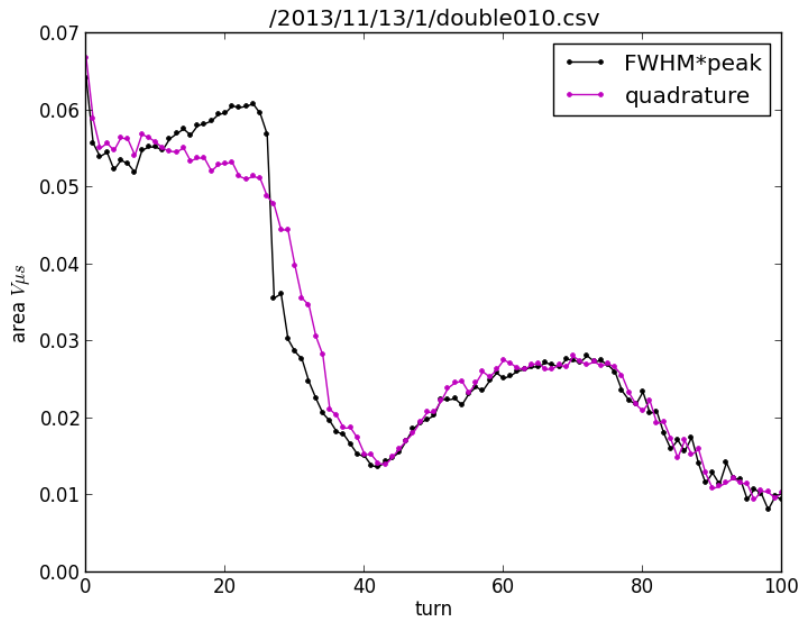


Two examples



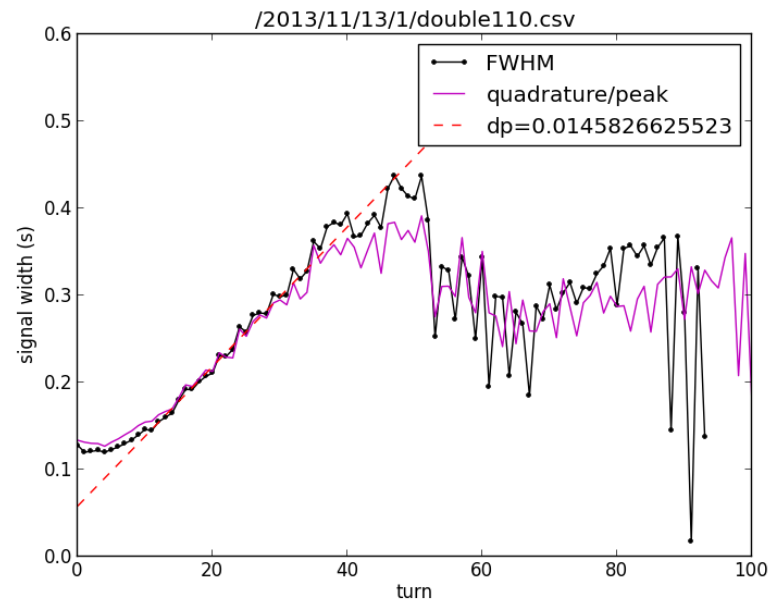
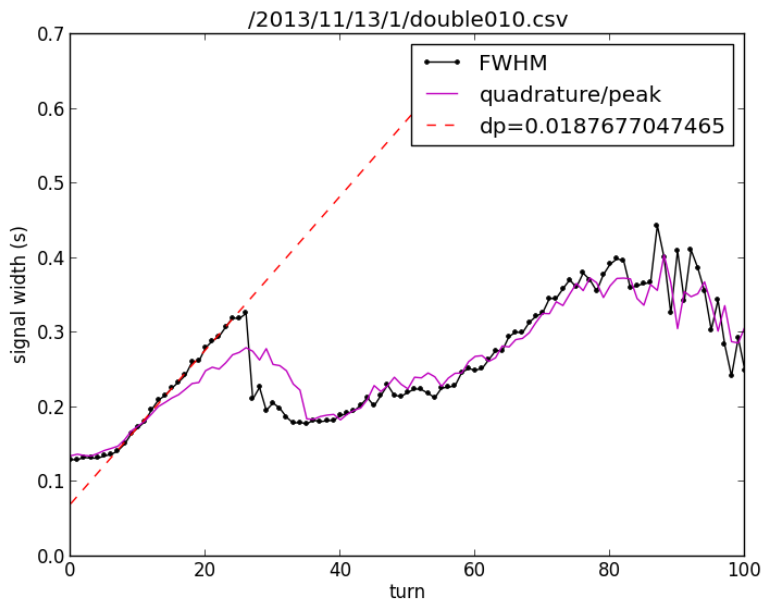
Turn-by-turn area examples

- Left figure: apparent area gain in first ~20 turns
- Right figure: Losses for first 10 turns before a plateau.



Debunch rate calculation $dp = \frac{slope}{\eta T_0}$

- Fit width vs turns in linear region to obtain effective dp (here we assume dp is fixed).
- Phase slip η from Zgoubi model at injection momentum (~ 0.86).
- Head-meets-tail debunch time from dp calculation (left fig: 32 turns, right fig: 42 turns)



Debunch rate calculation

