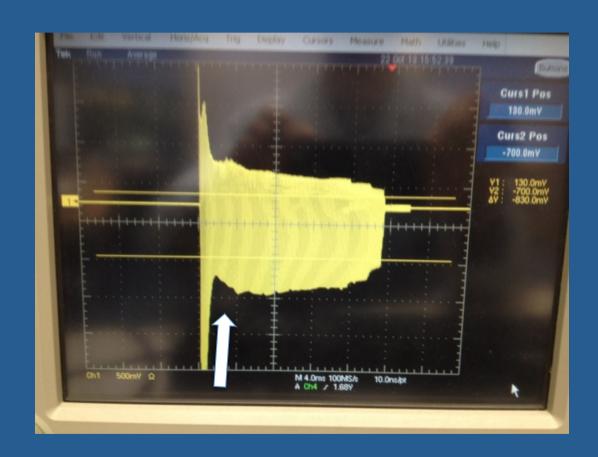
# RF acceleration with local k-index correction

2014. 02. 12 (3min) Tom Uesugi et al.

## Fast loss at injection energy



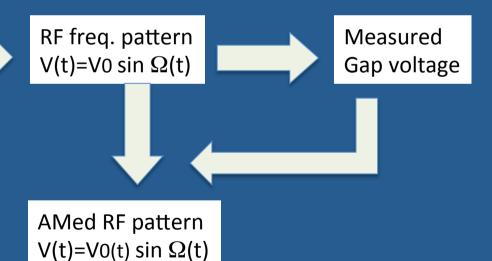
Longitudinal loss?

## Normal rf pattern

- 1. Assume Constant amplitude and accelerating phase
- Derive rf frequency pattern f(t) = .....( k-index = 7.6 )
- 3. Apply rf pattern into the amplifier
- 4. Measure the gap voltage, which is not constant because of cavity impedance
- 5. AM correction on low-level rf

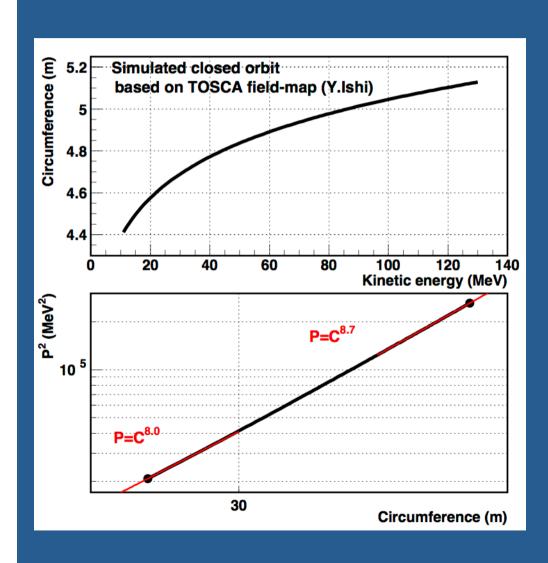
Designed k-index = 7.6 Slippage

Assumed V: 4 kV  $\Phi: 30 deg$ 



k-index is not constant (imperfect scaling) in reality!

### Local k-index in our FFAG MR



k-index is not constant of particle energy

(lower at lower energy region)

## Improved pattern

- 1. Assume Constant amplitude and accelerating phase
- Derive rf frequency pattern f(t) = .....by simulation
- 3. Apply rf pattern into the amplifier
- 4. Measure the gap voltage amplitude, which is not constant because of cavity impedance
- 5. AM correction on low-level rf

Simulated K-value

Assumed V: 4 kV Φ: 30 deg

RF freq. pattern  $V(t)=V0 \sin \Omega(t)$ 

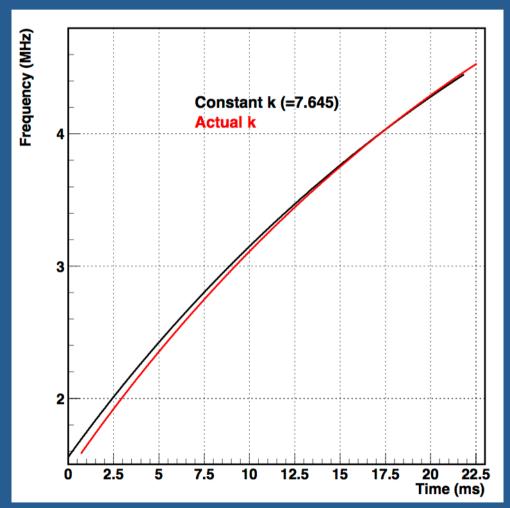
Measured Gap voltage

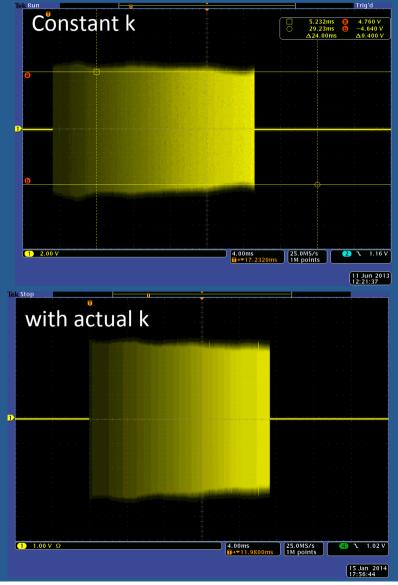
AMed RF pattern  $V(t)=V0(t) \sin \Omega(t)$ 

## Frequency difference

Gap voltage (after AM)

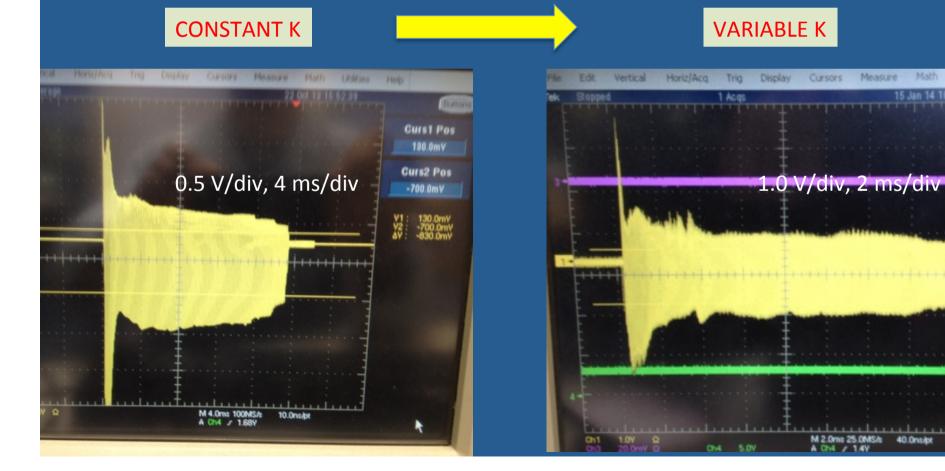
Frequency pattern



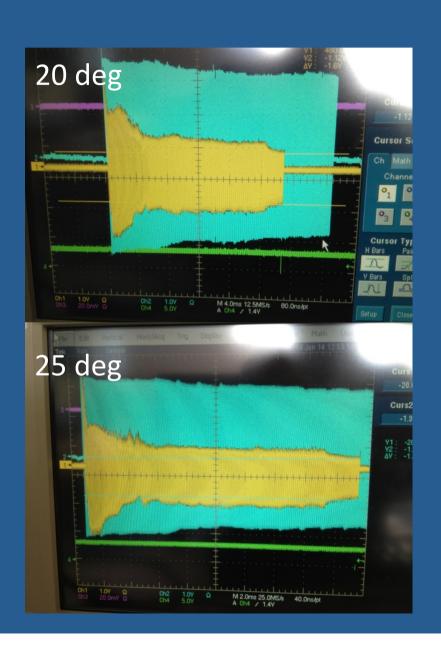


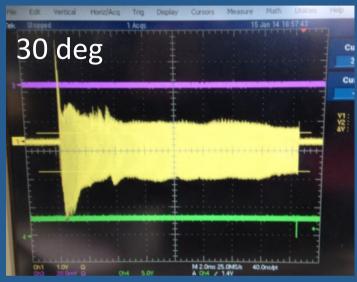
#### Results

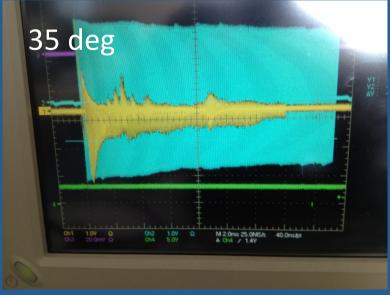
The initial beam loss has been improved.



## Best Phi\_s ; 20deg?

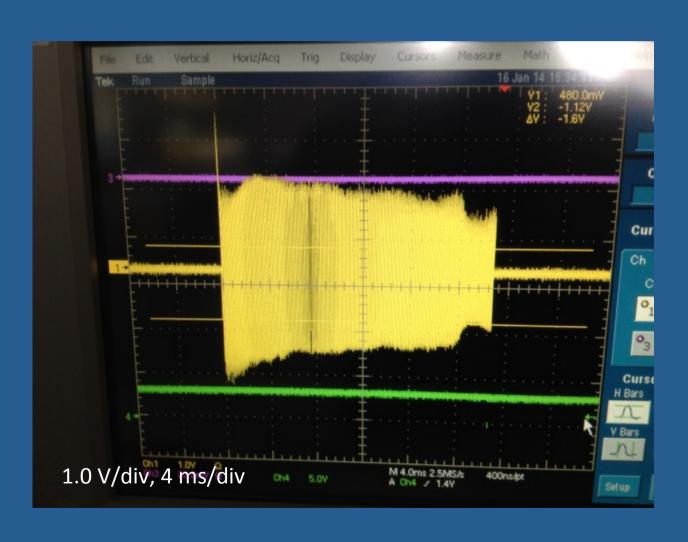






### **BEST**

 $\Phi$ s = 20 deg, Beam-transport line was optimized,



#### **SUMMARY**

 Fast beam loss at injection energy was improved by correcting rf frequency pattern using simulated k(E).

 More precise correction should be done by measuring k(E).